



# Tanium™ Criticality User Guide

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# Table of contents

---

- Criticality overview** ..... 6
  - Criticality scale ..... 6
  - Criticality rules ..... 6
  - Schedule for criticality updates ..... 7
    - Update to default endpoint criticality ..... 7
    - Update to endpoint rules ..... 7
    - Update to default user and group criticality ..... 8
    - Update to user and group rules ..... 8
  - Interoperability with other Tanium products ..... 8
    - Benchmark ..... 8
    - Impact ..... 8
    - Reporting ..... 8
- Getting started with Criticality** ..... 9
  - Step 1: Install and configure Criticality ..... 9
  - Step 2: Review the default criticality level ..... 9
  - Step 3: Create rules to assign criticality ..... 9
- Criticality requirements** ..... 10
  - Core platform dependencies ..... 10
  - Solution dependencies ..... 10
    - Tanium recommended installation ..... 10
    - Import specific solutions ..... 10
    - Required dependencies ..... 11
  - Tanium™ Module Server ..... 11
  - Endpoints ..... 11
    - Supported Internet protocols ..... 11
    - Supported operating systems ..... 11
  - Host and network security requirements ..... 11

---

Ports .....	11
Security exclusions .....	12
User role requirements .....	12
<b>Installing Tanium Criticality .....</b>	<b>14</b>
Before you begin .....	14
Import Criticality with default settings .....	14
Import Criticality with custom settings .....	14
Manage solution dependencies .....	15
Verify Criticality version .....	15
Troubleshoot issues .....	15
<b>Configuring Criticality .....</b>	<b>16</b>
Configure user and group synchronization settings .....	16
Configure connections to domains .....	16
Collect and analyze data .....	16
Set up Criticality users .....	17
<b>Assigning endpoint criticality .....</b>	<b>19</b>
Assign default endpoint criticality .....	19
Create rules to assign criticality to specific endpoints .....	19
Work with existing criticality rules .....	22
View criticality rules .....	22
Prioritize criticality rules .....	22
Manage rules .....	23
Work with endpoints .....	24
View endpoints .....	24
Customize columns .....	25
Export table .....	25
View status of endpoint updates .....	25
<b>Assigning user and group criticality .....</b>	<b>26</b>
Assign default user and group criticality .....	26
Create rules to assign criticality to specific users or groups .....	26

---

Work with existing criticality rules .....	27
View user and group criticality rules .....	27
Prioritize criticality rules .....	27
Manage rules .....	28
Work with users and groups .....	29
View users .....	29
View groups .....	29
Customize columns .....	31
View status of user and group updates .....	31
<b>Troubleshooting Criticality .....</b>	<b>32</b>
Collect logs .....	32
Troubleshoot endpoint criticality .....	32
Troubleshoot user and group criticality .....	32
Uninstall Criticality .....	33
Contact Tanium Support .....	33

# Criticality overview

With Criticality, you can define levels for each endpoint, user, or group that are available to other Tanium solutions, such as Tanium™ Impact and Tanium™ Risk, to add context about the endpoint.

## Criticality scale

Possible criticality levels include the following values:

- **Critical**
- **High**
- **Medium**
- **Low**

By default, the criticality level is **Medium**. You can modify the default criticality level. For more information, see [Assign default endpoint criticality on page 19](#) and [Assign default user and group criticality on page 26](#).

All endpoints, users, and groups are assigned to the default level, unless they are assigned to rules. For more information on how rules work, see [Criticality rules on page 6](#).

## Criticality rules

Rules override default criticality for specific endpoints, users, or groups.



Create rules to override the default criticality based on attributes of the endpoints, for example, computer group or operating system. For example, you might create a rule to set all Windows endpoints in a specific domain to **High** criticality. If an endpoint is assigned to more than one unprioritized rule, the rule with a higher criticality level takes precedence. For example, if one rule sets all Windows endpoints to **Medium** and another rule sets all servers are set to **High**, a Windows server is always set to **High**.

You can prioritize rules to specify which rule takes precedence if an endpoint, user, or group is assigned to more than one rule. The priority of the rule overrides the criticality level of the rule. For example, if one rule is prioritized to 2 and sets all Windows endpoints to **Medium** and another rule is prioritized to 1 and sets Windows endpoints within a specific domain to **Low**, then Windows endpoints within the specified domain are set to **Low**.

When a rule is deleted, the endpoint criticality is set to the next highest applicable rule based on prioritization or criticality level (if no prioritized rules apply to the endpoint, user, or group). If no rule exists, Criticality assigns the default level to the endpoint, user, or group.

If you import Criticality with the **Tanium Recommended Installation**, Criticality contains the following default rules. You can edit or delete the default endpoint rules, but you cannot edit or delete the default group rule. To override the default group rule, you can create a prioritized group rule.

Default rule	Rule type	Criticality level
Domain Controllers	Endpoint	Critical
Servers	Endpoint	High
Workstations	Endpoint	Medium
Default Critical Active Directory Groups	Group	Critical

For more information, see [Create rules to assign criticality to specific endpoints on page 19](#) and [Create rules to assign criticality to specific users or groups on page 26](#).

## Schedule for criticality updates

Criticality updates endpoints and reports with different frequencies, depending on if you update the default criticality level or criticality rules.

### Update to default endpoint criticality

If you modify the default endpoint criticality, the following events happen:

- Criticality immediately updates the **Configuration > Endpoints > View Endpoints** table. Criticality updates the endpoints each hour. For more information, see [View status of endpoint updates on page 25](#).

Computer Name	Endpoint Criticality	Endpoint Rule Name	IP Address	Computer Serial Number	Operating System
...	High	Servers	...	37K5R52	Ubuntu 18.04.1 LTS
...	High	Servers	...	HCYMMN2	CentOS Linux release 7.7.1908 (Core)
...	Medium		...	N/A on Tanium Client Container	N/A on Tanium Client Container
...	High	Servers	...	No Serial Number	Amazon Linux release 2 (Karoo)
...	High	Servers	...	2K5HF42	Ubuntu 20.04 LTS
...	High	Servers	...	JTKQ842	Ubuntu 18.04.1 LTS

- Within one minute, Risk updates scores and reports for the endpoints.

### Update to endpoint rules

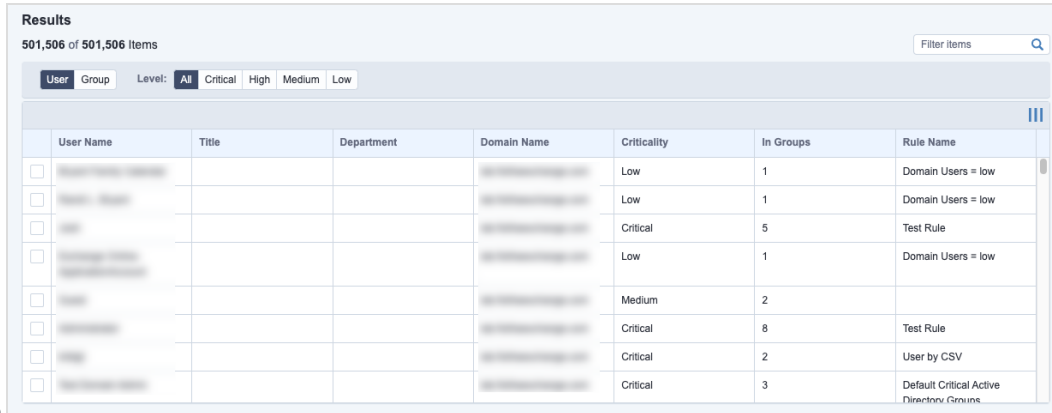
If you modify endpoint criticality rules, Criticality updates endpoints and reports each hour.



Risk uses a different update frequency than Criticality. Depending on your configuration, Risk can update from every 15 minutes or once a day, whereas Criticality updates each hour. If it is 10:00, for example, and you modify the Risk data collection time period to be 15 minutes, Risk does not receive updated criticality levels until 11:00, even though Risk collects data at 10:15, 10:30, and 10:45.

## Update to default user and group criticality

If you modify the default user and group criticality, Criticality immediately updates the **Configuration > Users and Groups >**





The screenshot shows a 'Results' table with 501,506 items. The table has columns for User Name, Title, Department, Domain Name, Criticality, In Groups, and Rule Name. The 'Level' filter is set to 'All'. The table contains several rows of data, including users with 'Low', 'Critical', and 'Medium' criticality levels, and various rule names like 'Domain Users = low', 'Test Rule', 'User by CSV', and 'Default Critical Active Directory Groups'.

	User Name	Title	Department	Domain Name	Criticality	In Groups	Rule Name
<input type="checkbox"/>					Low	1	Domain Users = low
<input type="checkbox"/>					Low	1	Domain Users = low
<input type="checkbox"/>					Critical	5	Test Rule
<input type="checkbox"/>					Low	1	Domain Users = low
<input type="checkbox"/>					Medium	2	
<input type="checkbox"/>					Critical	8	Test Rule
<input type="checkbox"/>					Critical	2	User by CSV
<input type="checkbox"/>					Critical	3	Default Critical Active Directory Groups

**Results** table.

## Update to user and group rules

If you modify user or group criticality rules, Criticality updates and reports according to the schedule that you configured in the **User/Group Settings** tab in the Criticality Settings . You can also manually request a sync from the **User/Group Schedule** tab in the Criticality Settings . For more information, see [View status of user and group updates on page 31](#).

## Interoperability with other Tanium products

Criticality works with Tanium™ Benchmark, Tanium™ Impact, and Tanium™ Reporting.

### Benchmark

Benchmark uses the endpoint criticality levels when calculating endpoint risk scores. For more information, see [Tanium Benchmark User Guide: Configuring Benchmark](#).

### Impact

Impact includes criticality levels for users, groups, and endpoints. For more information, see [Tanium Impact User Guide: Identifying high impact users, endpoints, and groups](#).

### Reporting

Create and view reports in Reporting that include criticality levels. For more information, see [Tanium Reporting User Guide: Working with reports](#).



# Getting started with Criticality

Follow these steps to configure and use Criticality.

## Step 1: Install and configure Criticality

See [Installing Tanium Criticality on page 14](#) and [Configuring Criticality on page 16](#).

## Step 2: Review the default criticality level

The default criticality level is **Medium**. You can change the default.

For more information, see [Assign default endpoint criticality on page 19](#) and [Assigning user and group criticality on page 26](#).

## Step 3: Create rules to assign criticality

Create rules to override the default criticality level for specified endpoints, users, or groups.

For more information, see [Create rules to assign criticality to specific endpoints on page 19](#) and [Create rules to assign criticality to specific users or groups on page 26](#).

# Criticality requirements

Review the requirements before you install and use Criticality.

## Core platform dependencies

Make sure that your environment meets the following requirements:

- **Tanium™ Core Platform servers:** 7.5.4.1158 or later
- **Tanium™ Client:** Any supported version of Tanium Client. For the Tanium Client versions supported for each OS, see [Tanium Client Management User Guide: Client version and host system requirements](#).

If you use a client version that is not listed, certain product features might not be available, or stability issues can occur that can only be resolved by upgrading to one of the listed client versions.

## Solution dependencies

Other Tanium solutions are required for Criticality to function (required dependencies) or for specific Criticality features to work (feature-specific dependencies). The installation method that you select determines if the Tanium Server automatically imports dependencies or if you must manually import them.



Some Criticality dependencies have their own dependencies, which you can see by clicking the links in the lists of [Required dependencies on page 11](#). Note that the links open the user guides for the latest version of each solution, not necessarily the minimum version that Criticality requires.

## Tanium recommended installation

If you select **Tanium Recommended Installation** when you import Criticality, the Tanium Server automatically imports all your licensed solutions at the same time. See [Tanium Console User Guide: Import all modules and services](#).

## Import specific solutions

If you select only Criticality to import and are using Tanium Core Platform 7.5.2.3531 or later with Tanium Console 3.0.72 or later, the Tanium Server automatically imports the latest available versions of any required dependencies that are missing. If some required dependencies are already imported but their versions are earlier than the minimum required for Criticality, the server automatically updates those dependencies to the latest available versions.

If you select only Criticality to import and you are using Tanium Core Platform 7.5.2.3503 or earlier with Tanium Console 3.0.64 or earlier, you must manually import or update required dependencies. See [Tanium Console User Guide: Import, re-import, or update specific solutions](#).

## Required dependencies

Criticality has the following required dependencies at the specified minimum versions. You must install the dependencies in the listed order.

1. Tanium™ [Interact](#) 2.12.113 or later
2. Tanium™ System User Service 1.0.77 or later
3. Tanium™ RDB Service 1.2.6 or later
4. Tanium™ Blob Service 1.0.6 or later
5. Tanium™ [Reporting](#) 1.8.40 or later
6. Tanium™ [Directory Query](#) 1.1.7 or later

## Tanium™ Module Server

Criticality is installed and runs as a service on the Module Server host computer. The impact on the Module Server is minimal and depends on usage.

For information about Module Server sizing in a Windows deployment, see [Tanium Core Platform Deployment Guide for Windows: Host system sizing guidelines](#).

## Endpoints

### Supported Internet protocols

Criticality supports IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.

### Supported operating systems

Criticality does not deploy packages to endpoints. For Tanium Client operating system support, see [Tanium Client Management User Guide: Client version and host system requirements](#).

## Host and network security requirements

Specific ports and processes are needed to run Criticality.

### Ports

The following ports are required for Criticality communication.

Source	Destination	Port	Protocol	Purpose
Module Server	Module Server (loopback)	17532	TCP	Internal purposes, not externally accessible



BEST PRACTICE

Configure firewall policies to open ports for Tanium traffic with TCP-based rules instead of application identity-based rules. For example, on a Palo Alto Networks firewall, configure the rules with service objects or service groups instead of application objects or application groups.

## Security exclusions

If security software is in use in the environment to monitor and block unknown host system processes, Tanium recommends that a security administrator create exclusions to allow the Tanium processes to run without interference. The configuration of these exclusions varies depending on AV software. For a list of all security exclusions to define across Tanium, see [Tanium Core Platform Deployment Reference Guide: Host system security exclusions](#).

### Criticality security exclusions

Target Device	Notes	Exclusion Type	Exclusion
Module Server		Process	<Module Server>\services\criticality-service\taniumcriticalityservice.exe

## User role requirements

The following tables list the role permissions required to use Criticality. To review a summary of the predefined roles, see [Set up Criticality users on page 17](#).

For more information about role permissions and associated content sets, see [Tanium Console User Guide: Managing RBAC](#).



IMPORTANT

On installation, Criticality creates a **Criticality** user to automatically manage the Criticality service account. Do not edit or delete the **Criticality** user.

### Criticality user role permissions

Permission	Criticality Administrator <sup>1,2</sup>	Criticality Operator <sup>1,2</sup>	Criticality User <sup>1,2</sup>
<b>Criticality</b> Accesses the Criticality workbench	 SHOW READ WRITE	 SHOW READ WRITE	 SHOW READ
<b>Criticality Support Bundle</b> Provides privileges for the support bundle	 READ		

**Criticality user role permissions (continued)**

Permission	Criticality Administrator <sup>1,2</sup>	Criticality Operator <sup>1,2</sup>	Criticality User <sup>1,2</sup>
<b>Criticality Sync</b> Allows manually starting a user and group sync	✘	✔ START	✘

<sup>1</sup>This role provides module permissions for Tanium Interact. You can view which Interact permissions are granted to this role in the Tanium Console. For more information, see [Tanium Interact User Guide: Tanium Data Service permissions](#).

<sup>2</sup> This role provides permissions for the Tanium Reporting service. You can view which Reporting service permissions are granted to this role in the Tanium Console. For more information, see [Tanium Reporting User Guide: User role requirements](#).

**Provided Criticality administration and platform content permissions**

Permission	Permission Type	Criticality Administrator <sup>1,2,3</sup>	Criticality Operator <sup>1,2,3</sup>	Criticality User <sup>1,2,3</sup>
Computer Group	Administration	✔ READ	✔ READ	✔ READ
Filter Group	Platform Content	✔ READ	✔ READ	✔ READ
Plugin	Platform Content	✔ READ EXECUTE	✔ READ EXECUTE	✔ READ EXECUTE
Sensor	Platform Content	✔ READ	✔ READ	✔ READ

To view which content set permissions are granted to a role, see [Tanium Console User Guide: View effective role permissions](#).

<sup>1</sup>This role provides module permissions for Tanium Interact. You can view which Interact content sets are granted to this role in the Tanium Console. For more information, see [Tanium Interact User Guide: User role requirements](#).

<sup>2</sup> This role provides permissions for the Tanium Reporting service. You can view which Reporting service permissions are granted to this role in the Tanium Console. For more information, see [Tanium Reporting User Guide: User role requirements](#).

<sup>3</sup> This role provides content set permissions for Tanium Data Service. You can view which Tanium Data Service content sets are granted to this role in the Tanium Console. For more information, see [Tanium Interact User Guide: User role requirements](#).

# Installing Tanium Criticality

Use the Tanium Console **Solutions** page to install Criticality and choose either automatic or manual configuration:

- **Automatic configuration with default settings** (Tanium Core Platform 7.4.2 or later only): Criticality is installed with any required dependencies and other selected products. After installation, the Tanium Server automatically configures the recommended default settings. This option is the best practice for most deployments. For more information about the automatic configuration for Criticality, see [Import Criticality with default settings on page 14](#).
- **Manual configuration with custom settings**: After installing Criticality, you must manually configure required settings. Select this option only if Criticality requires settings that differ from the recommended default settings. For more information, see [Import Criticality with custom settings on page 14](#).

## Before you begin

- Read the [release notes](#).
- Review the [Criticality requirements on page 10](#).
- Assign the correct roles to users for Criticality. Review the [User role requirements on page 12](#).
  - To import the Criticality solution, you must be assigned the Administrator reserved role.

## Import Criticality with default settings

When you import Criticality with automatic configuration, the following default settings are configured:

Setting	Default value
Endpoint rules	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Domain Controllers</b></li><li>• <b>Servers</b></li><li>• <b>Workstations</b></li></ul>
Group rules	<b>Default Critical Active Directory Groups</b>

To import Criticality and configure default settings, see [Tanium Console User Guide: Import all modules and services](#). After the import, verify that the correct version is installed: see [Verify Criticality version on page 15](#).

## Import Criticality with custom settings

To import Criticality without automatically configuring default settings, be sure to clear the **Apply All Tanium recommended configurations** check box while performing the steps in [Tanium Console User Guide: Import, re-import, or update specific solutions](#). After the import, verify that the correct version is installed: see [Verify Criticality version on page 15](#).


If you import with custom settings, the default criticality rules are not created.

## Manage solution dependencies

Other Tanium solutions are required for Criticality to function (required dependencies) or for specific Criticality features to work (feature-specific dependencies). See [Solution dependencies](#).

## Verify Criticality version

After you import or upgrade Criticality, verify that the correct version is installed:


1. Refresh your browser.
2. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
3. To display version information, click Info .

## Troubleshoot issues

If you experience issues with installing Criticality, see [Troubleshooting Criticality on page 32](#).

# Configuring Criticality

## Configure user and group synchronization settings

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Click Settings  and open the **User/Group Settings** tab.
3. Select the schedule type:
  - **Basic**: Select the schedule, options, and time zone.
  - **Cron**: Select the time zone and enter a cron expression of five values representing minutes, hours, day of the month, month, and day of the week. For example, enter `0 2 * * 1,2,3,4,5` to set the schedule to run at 02:00 AM only on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday.
4. Review the **Summary** and then click **Submit**.



BEST PRACTICE

To ensure that Criticality synchronizations are complete before Impact starts to sync, configure Criticality synchronizations as follows:




- Start at least one hour before Impact synchronizations start.
- Choose the same frequency or sync more frequently than Impact.

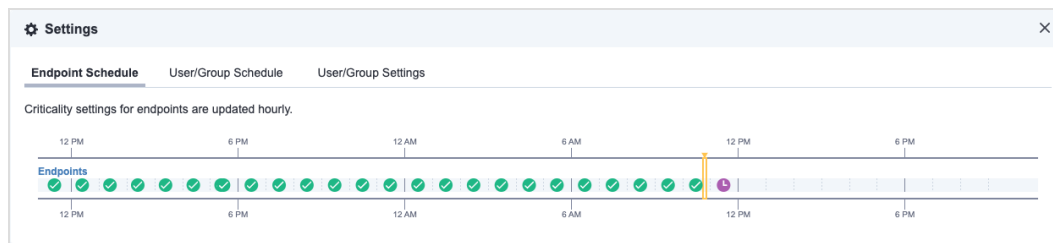
## Configure connections to domains

To configure connections to the Active Directory domains that you want to analyze with Criticality, see [Tanium Directory Query User Guide: Add a domain](#).




After you save the domain connection, data collection and analysis begins automatically at the next scheduled synchronization. For more information, see [Collect and analyze data on page 16](#).

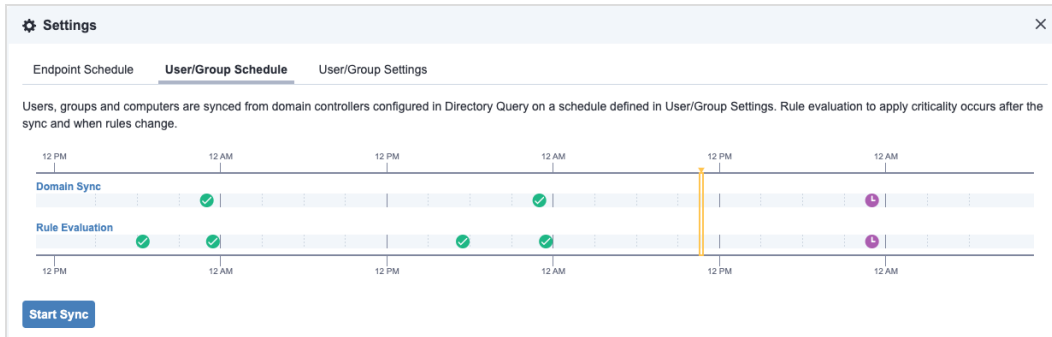
## Collect and analyze data

For endpoints, data is automatically synchronized every hour. To view the last time that data was collected and analyzed , and the next scheduled collection and analysis , go to the **Endpoint Schedule** tab in Criticality Settings .





For users and groups, data is automatically synchronized according to the schedule in **User/Group Settings**. To view the last time that data was collected and analyzed , and the next scheduled collection and analysis , go to the **User/Group Schedule** tab in Criticality Settings . To initiate data collection and analysis for users and groups manually, click **Start Sync**.



BEST PRACTICE

Data collection and analysis is a long-running process. Do not initiate this process frequently. If a request is already in progress, the requested operation does not run.

## Set up Criticality users

You can use the following set of predefined user roles to set up Criticality users.

To review specific permissions for each role, see [User role requirements on page 12](#).



IMPORTANT

On installation, Criticality creates a **Criticality** user to automatically manage the Criticality service account. Do not edit or delete the **Criticality** user.

For more information about assigning user roles, see [Tanium Core Platform User Guide: Manage role assignments for a user](#).

### Criticality Administrator

Assign the **Criticality Operator** role to users who manage the Criticality service.

This role can perform the following tasks:

- View the Criticality workbench.
- View and download Criticality data.
- Upload Criticality data.
- Download the Criticality support bundle.

### Criticality Operator

Assign the **Criticality Operator** role to users who manage the Criticality service.

This role can perform the following tasks:

- View the Criticality workbench.
- View and download Criticality data.
- Upload Criticality data.

### Criticality User

Assign the **Criticality User** role to users who view Criticality data.

This role can view the Criticality workbench.



NOTE

Do not assign the **Criticality Service Account** role to users. This role is for internal purposes only.

# Assigning endpoint criticality

Manage the criticality level of endpoints by assigning a default criticality level to apply to all endpoints or creating rules to override the default for specified endpoints.

For information on how often endpoints and reports are updated with criticality levels, see [Schedule for criticality updates on page 7](#).

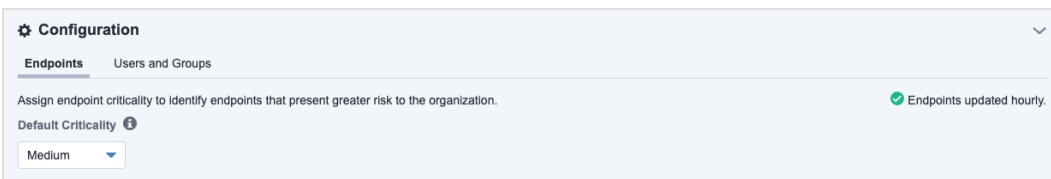
## Assign default endpoint criticality

Assign a default criticality level to apply to all endpoints not targeted by a rule. By default, the criticality level is **Medium**.



The default **Workstations** rule (automatically created unless you selected a custom import) is similar to and overrides the default criticality level. If you want to change the default criticality level for endpoints with a rule, modify the **Workstations** rule. If you want to change the default criticality level for endpoints without a rule, delete the **Workstations** rule and set the criticality level using the **Default Criticality** drop-down list.

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Go to **Configuration > Endpoints** and select the **Default Criticality** level.



## Create rules to assign criticality to specific endpoints

To specify different criticality levels for different groups of endpoints, create rules. You can create rules only for endpoints that you have permissions to manage.

You can create rules that use any Tanium sensor or computer group. You can also create rules by a static list of names. If you create a rule that uses a sensor that is not already registered, Tanium Server automatically registers the sensor.



If you previously uploaded a CSV file to assign endpoint criticality in the Risk **Settings** tab, Criticality created a rule for each criticality level specified in the CSV and assigned the specified endpoints to each rule. For example, **rule name v1-criticality-csv-critical** is assigned to all endpoints that were listed as critical in the Risk CSV file.

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Go to the **Configuration > Endpoints > Rules** section.
3. Click **Create Rule** and enter the rule name.

4. Select the criticality level and priority number for the rule.

If you select 1, for example, rule 1 is prioritized over rule 2. You can also set the priority after creating the rule. See [Prioritize criticality rules on page 22](#).

5. Click **Select Computer Groups**, select the groups to assign to the rule, and click **Done**. You can select from computer groups to which you have write permission.



BEST PRACTICE

Select limited computer groups for the rule. To edit the rule, a user must have management rights to all selected computer groups.

6. Use one of the following options to specify the endpoints to include in the rule.

- **Computer Groups:** Select the computer groups to include.
- **Filter Builder:** Specify the criteria to filter on all endpoints. For example, you can type `Operating System contains win` to target all Windows endpoints. The rule is applied to all endpoints that meet the criteria. Individual endpoints cannot be selected. Add rows or groupings to specify additional filter conditions.

### Create Criticality Rule

**Rule Name**  **Criticality**  **Priority**

**Computer Groups**

Select the computer groups to which the rule will apply. As a best practice, select limited computer groups for the rule. To edit the rule, a user must have management rights to all selected computer groups.

1 selected

[Select Computer Groups](#)

Computer Group	Remove
All Windows	X

**Target Specific Endpoints**

**Computer Groups** | Filter Builder | Manual Names | Names by CSV File

340 of 340 Items Show:   Sort:

Filter by Name...

- Select All
- 
- 

- **Manual Names:** Enter the computer names, separated by commas. The names must be the exact names as returned by the **Computer Name** sensor.
- **Names by CSV File:** Upload a CSV file. The CSV file must contain each endpoint name on its own line without additional information. The endpoint name must be the name exactly as it is returned by the **Computer Name** sensor, similar to the following example:

```




computername1.domain.com
computername2.domain.com

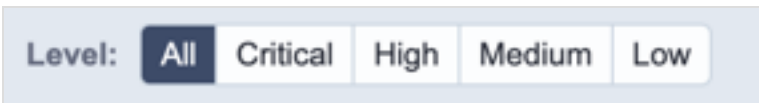
```

7. Click **Create Rule**.

## Work with existing criticality rules

### View criticality rules

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Go to the **Configuration > Endpoints > Rules** section.
3. View the rules. The table contains the following columns:
  - **Priority**: Numerical value indicating rule importance or **None** if no priority is set
  - **Status**: Status of the rule: New , Success , or Error 
  - **Rule**: Name of the rule
  - **Criticality**: Criticality level of the rule
  - **Targeted Endpoints**: Endpoint targeting criteria for rule
  - **Endpoints**: Number of endpoints targeted by rule
  - **Actions**: Edit, delete, or other actions you can make on the rule depending on the rule details
4. To filter the rules based on criticality levels, click the corresponding toggle.



### Prioritize criticality rules

You can prioritize rules to specify which rule takes precedence if an endpoint is assigned to more than one rule.



BEST PRACTICE

Consider limiting the number of rules you prioritize to simplify criticality level management.

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Go to the **Configuration > Endpoints > Rules** section.
3. Click **Prioritize**.

### Prioritize Rules

**Prioritized**

⇅	1	Domain Controllers	Critical	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
⇅	2	v1-criticality-csv-critical	Critical	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

**Unprioritized**

v1-criticality-csv-high	High	<input type="checkbox"/>
v1-criticality-csv-medium	Medium	<input type="checkbox"/>
all computers low	Low	<input type="checkbox"/>

Save



Cancel

- a. For existing prioritized rules, drag and drop the rules into the order you want, or use the ⇅ arrows to specify the position.
- b. To prioritize an unprioritized rule, select the box next to the rule and then assign priority.
- c. To remove a priority, clear the box next to the rule.
- d. Click **Save**.

## Manage rules

Edit or delete a rule using the options available in the **Actions** column in the **Rules** table.

You can also select a rule and click Edit  or Delete . Depending on how a user or group rule was created, you can take additional actions on the rule:

- **Manual Names:** Select the rule and click Copy  or select **Copy Names** from the **Actions** column.
- **Names by CSV File:** Select the rule and click Download  or select **Download CSV** from the **Actions** column.

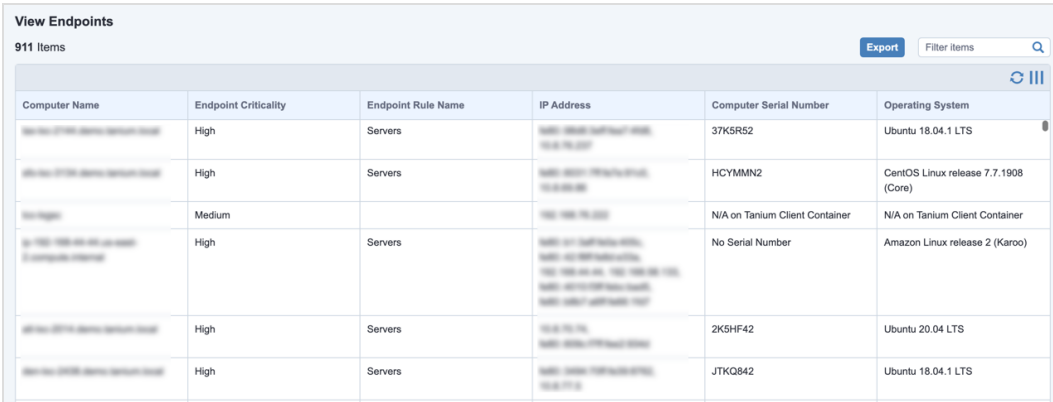
You can download a `txt` file with the rule of each endpoint. To download the `txt` file, click **Download Criticality Status** in the **Rules** table heading.

# Work with endpoints

## View endpoints

View all online and offline endpoints managed by Tanium, along with the corresponding criticality levels.

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Go to the **Configuration > Endpoints > View Endpoints** section.
3. View the endpoints. The table contains the following columns:



Computer Name	Endpoint Criticality	Endpoint Rule Name	IP Address	Computer Serial Number	Operating System
...	High	Servers	...	37K5R52	Ubuntu 18.04.1 LTS
...	High	Servers	...	HCYMMN2	CentOS Linux release 7.7.1908 (Core)
...	Medium		...	N/A on Tanium Client Container	N/A on Tanium Client Container
...	High	Servers	...	No Serial Number	Amazon Linux release 2 (Karoo)
...	High	Servers	...	2K5HF42	Ubuntu 20.04 LTS
...	High	Servers	...	JTKQ842	Ubuntu 18.04.1 LTS

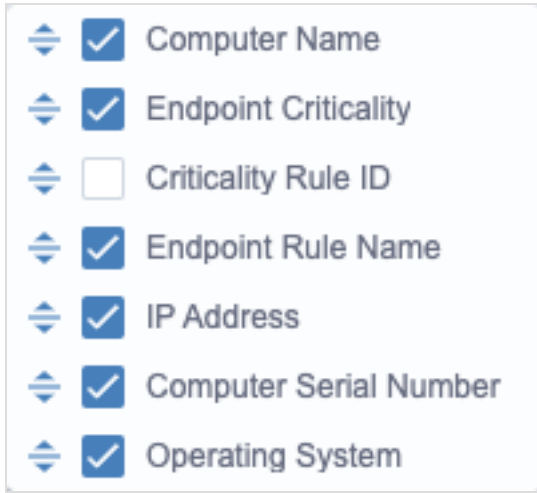
- **Computer Name:** Result from **Computer Name** sensor
- **Endpoint Criticality:** Criticality level assigned by default or a rule
- **Endpoint Rule Name:** Rule assigned to the endpoint  
The column is blank if a rule is not assigned to the endpoint. (The endpoint is assigned the default criticality level.)
- **IP Address:** Result from **IP Address** sensor
- **Computer Serial Number:** Result from **Computer Serial Number** sensor
- **Operating System:** Result from **Operating System** sensor


4. If necessary, filter the items by searching the table.



## Customize columns

You can change which columns are displayed in the table, and adjust the order of the columns.



1. In the report, click Customize Columns .
2. To remove a column, clear the box for the column.
3. To adjust the column order, click and drag the column names.

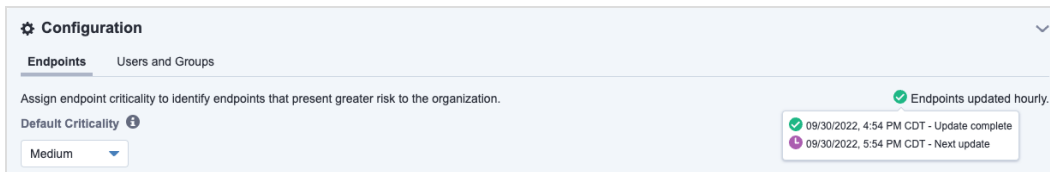
## Export table

You can export the table to a CSV file that contains the data for each entry in the table, including column headings. To export a table, click **Export** in the **View Endpoints** table heading.

## View status of endpoint updates

Each hour, Criticality updates the **Endpoint Criticality** sensor with any criticality changes (which you made to default level, rules, or priority), and then Tanium uses the results of this sensor to update impacted endpoints.

To view the status of endpoint updates, hover over the icon next to **Endpoints updated hourly** in the **Configuration > Endpoints** section. You can view the in-progress and planned update dates and times.



# Assigning user and group criticality

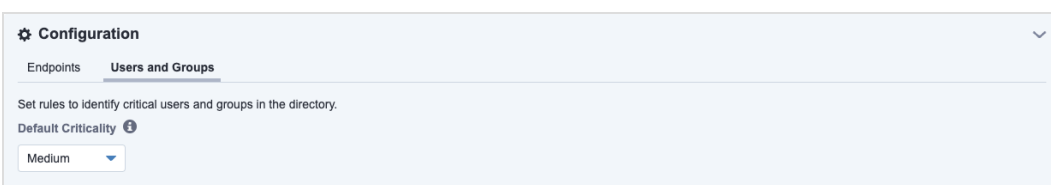
Manage the criticality level of endpoints by assigning a default criticality level to apply to all users and groups or by creating rules to override the default for specified users or groups.

For information on how often endpoints and reports are updated with criticality levels, see [Configure user and group synchronization settings on page 16](#).

## Assign default user and group criticality

Assign a default criticality level to apply to all users and groups not targeted by a rule. By default, the criticality level is **Medium**.

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Go to **Configuration > Users and Groups** and select the **Default Criticality** level.



## Create rules to assign criticality to specific users or groups

To specify different criticality levels for different groups of users or groups, create rules. You can create rules only for users and groups that belong to domains that are configured in Directory Query.

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Go to the **Configuration > Users and Groups > Rules** section.
3. Click **Create Rule** and enter the rule name.
4. Select the type: **User** or **Group**.
5. Select the criticality level and priority number for the rule.  
If you select 1, for example, rule 1 is prioritized over rule 2. You can also set the priority after creating the rule. See [Prioritize criticality rules on page 27](#).
6. Use one of the following options to specify the users or groups to include in the rule.
  - **Rule Builder:** Specify the criteria to filter on all users or groups. For example, if you are creating a user type rule, you can select **Name** and **starts with**, and then enter `John` to target all users whose name starts with John. The rule is applied to all users that meet the criteria. Individual users cannot be selected. Add rows or groupings to specify additional filter conditions.

- **Manual Names:** Enter the user or group names. Use separate lines for multiple entries. To specify users, enter the name as `DOMAIN\user1` or `user1@domain`. To specify groups, enter the name as `DOMAIN\group1` or `group1@domain`.
- **Names by CSV File:** Upload a CSV file. The CSV file must contain each user or group name on its own line without additional information, similar to the following example:

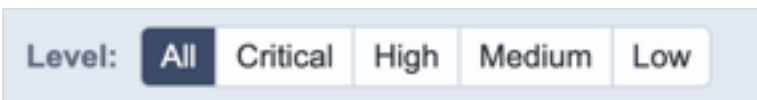
```
DOMAIN\someone
someone@domain.com
```

7. Click **Create Rule**.

## Work with existing criticality rules

### View user and group criticality rules

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Go to the **Configuration > Users and Groups > Rules** section.
3. View the rules. The table contains the following columns:
  - **Priority:** Numerical value indicating rule importance or **None** if no priority is set
  - **Rule:** Name of the rule
  - **Rule Type:** **User** or **Group** depending on the type of the rule
  - **Criticality:** Criticality level of the rule
  - **Rule Details:** Details of the rule depending on how the rule was created
  - **Groups:** Number of groups targeted by the rule
  - **Users:** Number of users targeted by the rule
  - **Actions:** Edit, delete, or other actions you can make on the rule depending on the rule details
4. To filter the rules based on criticality levels, click the corresponding toggle.



### Prioritize criticality rules

You can prioritize rules to specify which rule takes precedence if a user or group is assigned to more than one rule.



Consider limiting the number of rules you prioritize to simplify criticality level management.

BEST PRACTICE

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Go to the **Configuration > Users and Groups > Rules** section.
3. Click **Prioritize**.

### Prioritize Rules

**Prioritized**

⇅	1	Domain Controllers	Critical	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
⇅	2	v1-criticality-csv-critical	Critical	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

**Unprioritized**

v1-criticality-csv-high	High	<input type="checkbox"/>
v1-criticality-csv-medium	Medium	<input type="checkbox"/>
all computers low	Low	<input type="checkbox"/>

Save



Cancel

- a. For existing prioritized rules, drag and drop the rules into the order you want, or use the ⇅ arrows to specify the position.
- b. To prioritize an unprioritized rule, select the box next to the rule and then assign priority.
- c. To remove a priority, clear the box next to the rule.
- d. Click **Save**.

## Manage rules

Edit or delete a rule using the options available in the **Actions** column in the **Rules** table.

You can also select a rule and click Edit  or Delete . Depending on how a user or group rule was created, you can take additional actions on the rule:

- **Manual Names:** Select the rule and click Copy  or select **Copy Names** from the **Actions** column.
- **Names by CSV File:** Select the rule and click Download  or select **Download CSV** from the **Actions** column.



If you import Criticality with the **Tanium Recommended Installation**, you cannot edit, delete, or otherwise modify the **Default Critical Active Directory Groups** rule.

## Work with users and groups

### View users

View all users managed by Tanium, along with the corresponding criticality levels.

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Go to the **Configuration > Users and Groups > Rules** section.
3. To view the users, click **User**. The table contains the following columns:

The screenshot shows a table titled "Results" with 501,506 items. The table has columns for User Name, Title, Department, Domain Name, Criticality, In Groups, and Rule Name. The table is filtered to show "User" and "Level: All Critical High Medium Low".

User Name	Title	Department	Domain Name	Criticality	In Groups	Rule Name
				Low	1	Domain Users = low
				Low	1	Domain Users = low
				Critical	5	Test Rule
				Low	1	Domain Users = low
				Medium	2	
				Critical	8	Test Rule
				Critical	2	User by CSV
				Critical	3	Default Critical Active Directory Groups

- **User Name:** Name of the user
- **Title:** Title of the user
- **Department:** Department of the user
- **Domain Name:** Domain of the user
- **Criticality:** Criticality level assigned by default or a rule
- **In Groups:** Number of groups in which the user belongs
- **Rule Name:** Rule assigned to the endpoint

The column is blank if a rule is not assigned to the user. (The user is assigned the default criticality level.)

4. If necessary, filter the items by searching the table.

### View groups

View all users managed by Tanium, along with the corresponding criticality levels.

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality**.
2. Go to the **Configuration > Users and Groups > Rules** section.
3. To view the groups, click **Group**. The table contains the following columns:

Results							
113 of 113 Items							
Filter Items							
User Group Level: All Critical High Medium Low							
	Group Name	Description	Managed By	Domain Name	Criticality	Users	Rule Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	Organization Management	Members of this management role group have permissions to manage Exchange objects and their properties in the Exchange organization. Members can also delegate role groups and management roles in the organization. This role group shouldn't be deleted.			Medium	2	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Public Folder Management	Members of this management role group can manage public folders. Members can create and			Medium	0	

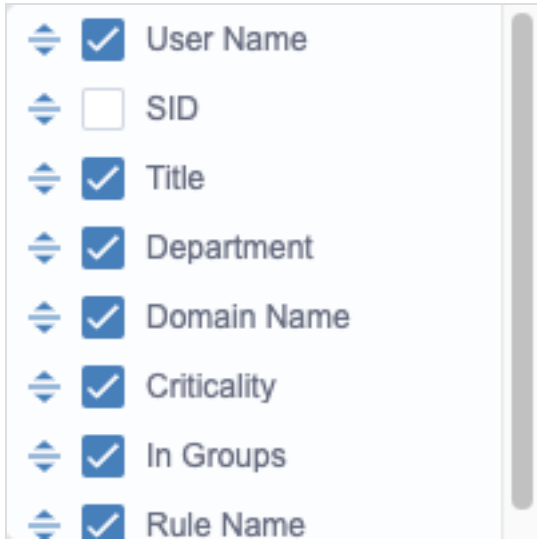
- **Group Name:** Name of the group
- **Description:** Description of the group
- **Managed By:** Management of the group
- **Domain Name:** Domain of the group
- **Criticality:** Criticality level assigned by default or a rule
- **Users:** Number of users in the group
- **Rule Name:** Rule assigned to the group


The column is blank if a rule is not assigned to the user. (The user is assigned the default criticality level.)

4. If necessary, filter the items by searching the table.



## Customize columns


You can change which columns are displayed in the table, and adjust the order of the columns.

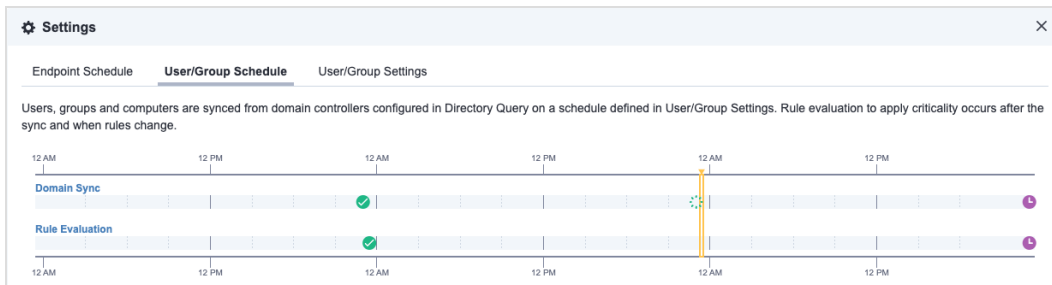


1. In the report, click Customize Columns .
2. To remove a column, clear the box for the column.
3. To adjust the column order, click and drag the column names.

## View status of user and group updates

Users, groups, and computers are synchronized from domain controllers that are configured in Tanium Directory Query on a schedule that is defined in **User/Group Settings** tab in the Criticality Settings . Rule evaluation to apply the criticality occurs after the domain sync, when rules change, or when you manually request a sync from the **User/Group Schedule** tab in the Criticality Settings . For more information, see [Tanium Directory Query User Guide: Managing connections to directory servers](#) and [Configure user and group synchronization settings on page 16](#).

To view the status of user and group updates, go to Criticality Settings  and click **User/Group Schedule**. You can view the in-progress and planned update dates and times.




# Troubleshooting Criticality

If Criticality is not performing as expected, you might need to troubleshoot issues or change settings.

## Collect logs

The information is saved as ZIP files that you can download with your browser.

To download logs:

1. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Shared Services > Criticality** and then click Help .
2. From the **Troubleshooting** tab, select the solutions for which to gather troubleshooting packages and click **Create Packages**. By default, all solutions are selected.
3. When the packages are ready, click **Download Packages**.  
ZIP files of all the selected packages download to the local download directory.



Some browsers might block multiple downloads by default. Make sure to configure your browser to permit multiple downloads from the Tanium Console.

4. Contact Tanium Support to determine the best option to send the ZIP files. For information, see [Contact Tanium Support on page 33](#).

Tanium Criticality maintains logging information in the `Criticality.log` file in the `\Program Files\Tanium\Tanium Module Server\services\Criticality` directory.

## Troubleshoot endpoint criticality

If an endpoint has an unexpected criticality level or an unexpected Tanium risk score based on criticality level, consider the following resolutions:

- In the **View Endpoints** table, identify the rule assigned to the endpoint in the **Endpoint Rule Name** column. If the column is blank, the endpoint does not have a rule assigned to it and is assigned the default criticality level.
- If you want the endpoint to be assigned to a different rule, edit the desired rule or its rule priority in the **Rules** section.
- Confirm that your environment has the required Criticality dependencies. For more information, see [Solution dependencies on page 10](#).
- Confirm that the endpoint status is healthy. For more information, see [Tanium Client Management User Guide: Troubleshooting Tanium Clients and Client Management](#).

## Troubleshoot user and group criticality

If a user or group has an unexpected criticality level, consider the following resolutions:



- In the **Results** table, identify the rule assigned to the user or group in the **Rule Name** column. If the column is blank, the user or group does not have a rule assigned to it and is assigned the default criticality level.
- If you want the user or group to be assigned to a different rule, edit the desired rule or its rule priority in the **Rules** section.
- Confirm that your environment has the required Criticality dependencies. For more information, see [Solution dependencies on page 10](#).

## Uninstall Criticality

1. Sign in to the Tanium Console as a user with the Administrator role.
2. From the Main menu, go to **Administration > Configuration > Solutions**.
3. In the **Content** section, select the **Criticality** row and click **Uninstall**.
4. Review the summary and click **Yes** to proceed with the uninstallation.
5. When prompted to confirm, enter your password.

## Contact Tanium Support

To contact Tanium Support for help, sign in to <https://support.tanium.com>.